# New Bees from Costa Rica (Hym.). 

By T. D. A. Cockerell, Boulder, Colorado.

Epicharis phenacura n. sp.
$\hat{\delta}$. Length about $21 \mathrm{mmm}$. ; anterior wing, 17 mm .; black, the head, legs and abdomen (but not the thorax) marked with yellow: eyes very large, orbits diverging below; vertex and front with dark brown hair, cheeks with brownish-white; mandibles black with minute yellow spot at base; labrum, clypeus (except a broad black band on each side, not reaching upper margin), semi-circular supraclypeal mark, lateral facemarks (which are narrow, with a linear extension above), and nearly all of front of the short and very thick scape, all light yellow; clypeal ridges distinct, but obtuse; flagellum dark.

Thorax with short dense hair, dark greyish-brown (seal-brown) above, gradually becoming rather paler below, scutellum bigibbous; tegulae dark; wings fuliginous; upper and lower sides of second submarginal cell nearly parallel, recurrent nervure joining lower side very slightly beyond the middle; knees with yellow spots; anterior tibia with yellow band on basal half; spur of middle tibia contorted, and abruptly bent apically: tarsi ferruginous, more or less infuscated basally, apical joint mainly yellow; hind basitarsi broad and long, pale reddish, with a prominent angle in front beyond the middle; hind tibiae and especially tarsi with long ochreous hair behind; hind femora with brownish-black hair.

Abdomen not at all metallic; first segment with a narrow yellow band, failing in middle; segments 2 to 4 yellow, except a broad apical dark band; segments 5 to 7 honey-color; apical plate very large, narrowly truncate at end.

San Carlos, Costa Rica (Schild and Burgdorf). U. S. Nat. Museum. This remarkable species resembles Contris flavopicta Smith in many respects, but it has the structure of Epicharis. In Friese's table of Epicharis it runs near E. fasciata Lep., from Bahia, but is quite distinct.
Epicharis conura n. sp.
ㅇ. Length 22-24 111m.; anterior wing 16 mm .; black, with conical ferruginous abdomen (not marked with yellow), the first segment with the dorsal surface black, but the basin (especially its margins) red; hair of head and thorax mainly black, but becoming grey on cheeks, sides of thorax and metathorax, quite pale on lower part of pleura; mandibles black; labrum large, with three small yellow spots or a large yellow triangle; clypeus with a minute yellow dot in middle of the flattened, shining disc, and a pair of spots, more or less obsolete, near lower margin; a sinall triangular yellow supraclypeal mark; lateral

